



# Base64 Attachment Upload REST API

Atlassian Marketplace Plugin Documentation



# Atlassian Marketplace Plugin Documentation

# **CONTENT**

/1	COMMUNICATION	3	
/1.1	COMMUNICATION ENDPOINTS	3	
/2	AUTHENTICATION	3	
/3	DIRECT REQUEST	3	
/3.1	URL	4	
/3.2	METHOD	4	
/3.3	CONTENT TYPE (HTTP HEADER)	4	
/3.4	BODY	4	
/3.5	EXAMPLE OF DIRECT REQUEST	4	
/4	JSON REQUEST	5	
/4.1	URL	5	
/4.2	METHOD	5	
/4.3	CONTENT TYPE (HTTP HEADER)	5	
/4.4	BODY	5	
/4.5	EXAMPLE:	5	
/5	RESPONSE	6	
/5.1	SUCCESS	6	
/5.1.	1 SUCCESS RESPONSE EXAMPLE		6
/5.2	ERROR	6	
/5.2.	1 ERROR RESPONSE EXAMPLE:		6



This plugin decodes Base64 encoded attachments using provided REST API

### /1 COMMUNICATION

There are two options to communicate with plugin.

- Directly Allows direct upload of base64 encoded attachments where metadata are stored in URL
- 2. **Json** This option provides endpoint for metadata being stored in JSON structure

#### **/1.1 COMMUNICATION ENDPOINTS**

To decode base64 attachments you have to send request using one of the provided endpoints. There are two endpoints available. One for each communication option.

Direct endpoint

#### **Endpoint for direct communication**

https://{JiraURL}/rest/base64attachment/1.0/direct/{issueIdOrKey}/{filename}/

JSON endpoint

#### **Endpoint for direct communication**

https://{JiraURL}/rest/base64attachment/1.0/json

### /2 AUTHENTICATION

Both direct and JSON options require preemptive basic authentication.

# /3 DIRECT REQUEST

Allows direct upload of base64 encoded attachment where metadata are in URL.



#### /3.1 URL

URL should consist of your Jira instance address followed by direct endpoint.

The URL can be parametrized as follows:

- {issueldOrKey} path parameter that should be replaced with the issue id or key
- {filename} path parameter that should be replaced with filename that will be displayed in Jira

Additionally, following optional query parameters may be used:

- {contentType} if used, then Jira will store this content type for the uploaded attachment. If not specified, then internal Jira functionality will decide best content type for uploaded attachment.
- {**zipFlag**} if used, then the zip flag will be passed to Jira to indicate that the uploaded attachment is a zip archive.

#### /3.2 METHOD

HTML Post Method

#### /3.3 CONTENT TYPE (HTTP HEADER)

text/plain

#### /3.4 BODY

Request body should contain base64 encoded attachment data.

#### /3.5 EXAMPLE OF DIRECT REQUEST

URL:	http://localhost:8080/rest/base64attachment/1.0/direct/SAM-43/sample.txt/?contentType=text%2Fplain&zipFlag=false
Method:	POST
Content Type (HTTP Header)	text/plain
Body:	SGVsbG8gd29ybGQhCg==



## /4 JSON REQUEST

Allows upload of base64 encoded attachment specified as a JSON structure.

#### /4.1 URL

URL should consist of your Jira instance address followed by direct endpoint.

#### /4.2 METHOD

**HTML Post Method** 

#### **/4.3 CONTENT TYPE (HTTP HEADER)**

text/plain

#### **/4.4 BODY**

The JSON structure included in body can be parametrized as follows:

- issueldOrKey required parameter, should be replaced with the issue id or key
- **base64EncodedData** required parameter, should contain base64 encoded attachment data
- **filename** required parameter, should be replaced with filename that will be displayed in Jira
- contentType optional parameter, if used then Jira will store this content type for the uploaded attachment (If not specified, then internal Jira functionality will decide best content type for uploaded attachment)
- **zipFlag** optional parameter, if used then the zip flag will be passed to Jira to indicate that the uploaded attachment is a zip archive

#### /4.5 EXAMPLE:

URL:	http://localhost:8080/rest/base64attachment/1.0/json		
Method:	POST		
Content Type (HTTP Header)	application/json		
Body:	<pre>{     "issueKeyOrId" : "SAM-43",     "base64EncodedData" : "SGVsbG8gd29ybGQhCg==",     "filename" : "sample.txt",     "zipFlag" : "false",     "contentType" : "text/plain" }</pre>		



## /5 RESPONSE

#### /5.1 SUCCESS

Both endpoints respond with a JSON response that contain following fields:

- result OK, when attachment was correctly created
- attachmentId attachment ID

#### **/5.1.1** SUCCESS RESPONSE EXAMPLE

```
Success response example

{"result":"OK", "attachmentId":"10118"}
```

#### /5.2 ERROR

Both endpoints respond usually with a JSON response that will contain following fields:

- result ERROR
- errorMessage error message

The HTTP status code of an error response will be in the 4\*\* or 5\*\* range.

#### **/5.2.1** ERROR RESPONSE EXAMPLE:

```
Error response example

{"result":"ERROR","errorMessage":"IssueIdOrKey parameter can not be null!"}
```