Al for detection of threats from the darkweb

Tempest Judgment Day, 9th November 2017

Roman Cupka, Country Manager SEE Artur Kane, Technology Evangelist



Maersk's NotPetya losses could hit \$378 million

A.P. Moller Maersk CEO:

"This cyber-attack was a previously unseen type of malware, and updates and patches applied to both the Windows systems and antivirus were not an effective protection in this case."





ASK YOUR SERVER ABOUT OUR SPECIALS!

Hack Group

	Bitcoin	USD
Hacking Web Server (VPS or hosting)	0.43	\$266.53
Setting up Keylogger	0.25	\$154.9
Device Tracking (smartphone/PC)	0.32	\$198.34
Hacking Personal Computer	0.23	\$142.5
Spyware Creation	0.35	\$216.93
Intelligence Report - Background Check	0.23	\$142.5
Setting Up Your Own Botnet	0.93	\$567.42
Logs from Zeus Malware,		
10 GB (Stolen CCs, PayPal, Bank Accounts)	1.24	\$768.5

Russia Hackers

	Bitcoin	USD
Custom Ransomware (CTB-Locker)	2	\$1,239.6

The Real Deal (TOR eBay-clone)

	Bitcoin	USD
4 Hour DDoS	0.743	\$460.52
ocial Media Hacking, Per Account	0.104	\$64.46
pple Enterprise Certificate Private Key	14.8569	\$9,208.46

Cell Phone Hacking/ Phreaking

and the second se	Bitcoin	USD
SS7 API Access (I Month)	0,32	\$200.00
SMS / Call Spoofing (I Month)	0.03	\$20.00
Rent-A-Hacker		
	Bitcoin	USD
Small Jobs	0.35	\$221.14
Medium-Large Jobs	0.89	\$552.85



Marc Laliberte, Information Threat Analyst at WatchGuard

"Using a botnet in order to target companies to take them offline, stealing intellectual property and intentionally damaging hardware or software sound like complicated undertakings to most people. And they are. But they've never been more accessible."

"Ultimately, crimeware-as-a-service (CaaS) offerings like these make it much easier for less technically sophisticated individuals to gain access to fairly sophisticated computer and network attacks – they lower the barrier to entry significantly for cybercriminals."



DARK WEB?

World Wide Web

Only 4% of the content on the internet is www., which includes public websites such as Google, eBay, etc.

Deep Web

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Over 90% of the information on the internet is in the deep web and is not accessible by surface web crawlers. However, it doesn't mean that they're dark web areas – they're just one layer removed from the public web that's searchable through search engines.

Dark Web

The dark web consists of websites that use public internet, but require specific software for access and is not indexed by search engines to ensure anonymity. The stolen data is traded, sold and used for financial, political or personal gain.

The Dark Web

is an encrypted computer network that exists between TOR (The Onion Router) servers and their clients. It is a place for various illegal activities, from the sale of drugs and weapons, to the cyber-attacks.





IP address: 2.3.134.129 Domain name: LFbn-LYO-1-41-129.w2-3.abo.wanadoo.fr Country: Trance Blacklisted as: Rnown attackers

Whois

NetRange: 2.0.0.0 - 2.255.255.255 CIDR: 2.0.0.0/8 NetName: 2-RIPE NetHandle: NET-2-0-0-0-1 Parent: () NetType: Allocated to RIPE NCC OriginAS: Organization: RIPE Network Coordination Centre (RIPE) RegDate: 2009-09-29 Updated: 2009-09-30 Comment: These addresses have been further assigned to users in Comment: the RIPE NCC region. Contact information can be found in Comment: the RIPE database at http://www.ripe.net/whois Ref: https://whois.arin.net/rest/net/NET-2-0-0-0-1

ResourceLink: https://apps.db.ripe.net/search/query.html ResourceLink: whois.ripe.net

More...

It's easy to start detecting TOR

Use Blacklists that are fairly up-to-date



Market places and cryptocurrencies

Early Bitcoin developer Amir Taaki:

"I would argue that a big reason why Bitcoin became so cool and became so interesting was because of drug markets. Bitcoin did not get where it is because people could buy coffee or buy socks off the Internet. It got to where it is because it was seen as a potent weapon that people could actually use to thrust forward their politics and their ideology."



It is a dangerous business

A Canadian man who was found hanged in a cell at the Narcotics Suppression Bureau headquarters in Bangkok was the admin the world's largest marketplace on the Dark Web, it has been claimed.

It had been dubbed "the new Silk Road", and was typically only accessible via special software or secret domains.

http://www.nationmultimedia.com/detail/breakingnews/30320753



lotal						Cou	ntry			Full List
nstall Start:		50				Unite	d States			50
nstall End:		50								
Pay Complete:		5								
Profit:		\$532	21.00							
Nallet Balance		\$532	21.00							
								All		٣
Total	50	50	48	48	44	5	5	All 5	32	* \$5321.00
Total Date	50 Program Start	50 Filelist Start	48 Filelist Complete	48 Encryption Start	44 Encryption Complete	5 Decryption Start	5 Decryption Complete	All 5 Pay Complete	32 Visit Help	* \$5321.00 Profit
Total Date 2017-02-07	50 Program Start 50	50 Filelist Start 50	48 Filelist Complete 48	48 Encryption Start 48	44 Encryption Complete 44	5 Decryption Start 5	5 Decryption Complete 5	All 5 Pay Complete 5	32 Visit Help 32	• \$5321.00 Profit 5321.00

The Fatboy ransomware is dynamic in the way it targets its victims; the amount of *ransom demanded* is determined *by the victim's location*.

According to a member of a top-tier Russian cyber criminal forum "polnowz", Fatboy uses a *payment* scheme *based on The economist's Big Mac Index*(cited as the "McDonald's Index" in the product description), meaning that victims in areas with a higher cost of living will be charged more to have their data decrypted.



Did you hear about EternalRocks?

This worm, dubbed EternalRocks *uses seven leaked NSA hacking tools* to infect a computer via SMB ports exposed online. WannaCry used just one.







Early detection and response is mandatory

Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning



Signature based detection is like border control – you aren't on a blacklist, you may pass





Using data from airport surveillance, Anomaly Detection is a brain with capability to detect suspicious behavior of an unknown attacker anywhere, anytime, real-time.





- 🖲 📶 Network anomaly (NETANOMA
- 🗄 🚻 Potential network sniffer (SNIFFER)
- 🗄 🔲 Large Data Transfers (LARGETRANSF

Indicators of Compromise

- After initial compromise, malware communicates over the network
- Malware activity represents anomalies and can be detected
 - Port Scanning, dictionary attacks
 - Tunneling, protocol anomalies
 - Rouge DHCP or DNS server
 - High uploads
 - TOR traffic, P2P communications
 - Communications with blacklisted hosts
- Malware tries to be undetected
 - Low volumes of network traffic
 - Detected only by the right technology & tools



What ransomware does in the network

Start Time - first seen	Source IP address	Destination IP address	SMB2 Command	SMB2 Operation	SMB2 File type	SMB2 Tree path	SMB2 File path	SMB2 Delete	Bytes
2016-05-11 18:10:41.802	⊑∎ 192.168.222.37	192.168.222.2 🖵	QIRECLCR	Open	File	\\192.168.222.2 \Public	invea-tech.avi	0	551256
2016-05-11 18:10:41.796	교 192.168.222.2	192.168.222.37 🗖	QIRECLCR	Open	File	\\192.168.222.2 \Public	invea-tech.avi	0	102.0 M

Start Time - first seen	Source IP address	Destination IP address	SMB2 Command	SMB2 Operation	SMB2 File type	SMB2 Tree path	SMB2 File path	SMB2 Delete	Bytes
2016-05-11 18:13:20.227	묘 192.168.222.2	192.168.222.37 💷	SICLCR	Open	File	\\192.168.222.2 \Public	invea-tech.avi	1	506
2016-05-11 18:13:20.230	교 192.168.222.37	192.168.222.2 🖵	SICLCR	Open	File	\\192.168.222.2 \Public	invea-tech.avi	1	273

Start Time - first seen	Source IP address	Destination IP address	SMB2 Command	SMB2 Operation	SMB2 File type	SMB2 Tree path	SMB2 File path	SMB2 Delete	Bytes
2016-05-11 18:13:36.342	묘 192.168.222.2	192.168.222.37 💷	SIQIWRCLCR	Create	File	\\192.168.222.2 \Public	fh533dk8cr4saf8dd2.locky	0	125327
2016-05-11 18:13:36.347	묘 192.168.222.37	192.168.222.2 🖵	SIQIWRCLCR	Create	File	\\192.168.222.2 \Public	fh533dk8cr4saf8dd2.locky	0	101.8 M

Copying a file from shared storage onto the infected station
Deleting the copied file from the shared storage
Uploading encrypted version of the file back



Signature is not necessary



Flow-Based Behavior Patterns

Detection method designed to unveil rising threats

- Updates new behavior patterns for rising threats
- Provides information about detected event

Standard event pipeline



90% OF SECURITY BUDGET IS SPENT ON PERIMETER

WHILE ONLY 25% TARGET IT INSIDER THREATS ARE THE BIGGEST WORRY



ANTIVIRUSES SEARCH FOR KNOWN AND DOCUMENTED ATTACKS

TO DISCOVER AND DOCUMENT A NEW TYPE OF ATTACK MAY TAKE MONTHS



SIEM'S ARE A MUST HAVE BUT THEY ARE ONLY AS STRONG AS THEIR DATA SOURCES

EARLY DETECTION INSIDE LAN, NON-DEPENDENT ON SIGNATURE IS THE MISSING LINK



Inline vs. Out-of-band

Intrusion prevention systems (IPS) Firewalls and next-generation firewalls (NGFWs) Data loss prevention (DLP) systems Unified threat management (UTM) systems SSL decryption appliances Web application firewalls (WAF)

Intrusion detection systems (IDS) Behavior analysis systems Forensic tools Data recording Packet capture (PCAP) tools Malware analysis tools

SIEM and Log Management



BUILDING WALLS AND CHECK POINTS

90% of the security budget – mainly perimeter security where only 25% of attacks target this point in the network.

ENSURING YOUR INVESTMENTS TO PREVENTION DO NOT GO WASTED

Flowmon stores the full statistical history of communication and provides on-demand and auto-triggered recording of detected incidents. It is a reliable source-of-truth and enables you to understand the characteristics of an attack and to discover bottle-necks, predict upcoming attacks and to insure better prevention.



LAYING CLEVER TRAPS

Early detection with Flowmon Anomaly Detection System covers gaps left by standard prevention technologies and represents the people, time, skillset which are lacking to identify a problem before it causes major impacts on company productivity.

RESTORING BUSINESS AS USUAL

Eliminate unnecessary costs on IT operations and insure time-efficient disaster recovery with Flowmon, which helps you to conduct an assessment of the scope of the attack. This includes understanding what parts of the network have been compromised, what needs to be re-installed, recovered, and adjusted. Flowmon enables effective collaboration between all IT teams.

REDUCING MEAN-TIME-TO-RESOLVE

Fundamental network and security tools that many of us already use in day-to-day operations have the capabilities necessary to block or restrict suspicious traffic. Use the whole potential of such technologies you have already implemented with Flowmon to provide a flexible incident response at no additional costs.





Network Information System Security Directive

New EU legislation



NISD – Network and Information Security Directive

- The Directive on security of network and information systems from adopted by the European Parliament on 6 July 2016
- Member States (BG, ES, CS, DA, DE, ET, EL, EN, FR, HR, IT, LV, LT, HU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SL, FI, SV) will have 21 months to transpose the Directive into their national laws and 6 months more to identify operators of essential services
- The laws and guidelines that have evolved in this area are associated with

safeguarding critical infrastructure – energy, transport, water, banking, financial market infrastructures, healthcare and digital infrastructure.



Tagged with CSIRT



NISD – Network and Information Security Directive

- "Article 14": Operators of essential services are required to take "appropriate and proportionate technical and organisational measures to manage the risks posed to the security of network and information systems.
- Requirement (under penalties) to report, without undue delay, significant incidents to a Computer Security Incident Response Team or CSIRT.
- "Article 16" Digital service providers, which is the EU's way of saying ecommerce, cloud computing, and search services.
- CSIRTs center of the NIS Directive, collecting incident data, responsible for monitoring and analyzing threat activity at a national level, issuing alerts and warnings, and sharing their information and threat awareness with other CSIRTs.



Tagged with CSIRT



Planned IT security investments (3-5 years) Article 14, 16 of NISD (and Article 25, 32, 33, 35 of GDPR) technical measures

MALWARE PROTECTION (ANTIVIRUS, FIREWALL)) /////////////////////////////////////
APPLICATION SECURITY	Y ////////////////////////////////////
EVENT LOGGING FOR INFRASTRUCTURE AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS, THEIR USERS AND	D
CYBER SECURITY DETECTION TOOLS	s ////////////////////////////////////
USER IDENTITY MANAGEMENT (ACCESSES, BIOMETRIC SYSTEMS)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ACCESS CONTROL, AUTHORIZATION (MANAGEMENT OF USER PRIVILEGES)	T <i></i>
PHYSICAL SECURITY (ACCESSES, SURVEILLANCE)) /////////////////////////////////////
SECURITY EVENT COLLECTION AND EVALUATION	23%
ENCRYPTION (COMMUNICATION AND DATA)) /////////////////////////////////////
CYBER SECURITY OF INDUSTRIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (ICS)	L 2000 13%
NONE OF THE ABOVE	E ////////////////////////////////////
	0% 5% 10% 15% 20% 25% 30% 35%

GfK Research for Infotrendy 2017

Driving Network Visibility

Thank you

Performance monitoring, visibility and security with a single solution

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